

PROBLEM SET 1: ELEMENTARY FUNCTIONS

Note: Most of the problems were taken from the textbook [1].

Problem 1. Find the domain of the functions:

$$a) g(x) = \sqrt{3-t} - \sqrt{2-t};$$

$$b) f(u) = \frac{u+1}{1+\frac{1}{u+1}};$$

$$c) h(x) = \frac{\cos x}{1-\sin x}.$$

Problem 2. Find the domain and sketch the graph of the functions:

$$a) f(x) = \sqrt{4-x^2};$$

$$b) h(t) = \frac{t^2-1}{t+1};$$

$$c) f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1 & \text{if } x \leq -1 \\ x^2 & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases};$$

$$d) y = ||x| - 1|.$$

Problem 3. Express the area of an equilateral triangle as a function of the length of a side.

Problem 4. Classify each function as a power function, root function, polynomial (state its degree), rational function, algebraic function, trigonometric function, exponential function, or logarithmic function.

$$a) f(x) = \log_2 x;$$

$$b) y = x^2(2-x^3);$$

$$c) g(\theta) = \tan \theta - \cos^2 \theta;$$

$$d) y = \pi^x;$$

$$e) y = \frac{\sqrt{x^3-1}}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}};$$

$$f) h(z) = x^z;$$

$$g) y = \frac{s}{e^2 + s}.$$

Problem 5. *What do all the members of the family of linear functions $f(x) = 1 + m(x + 3)$ have in common? Sketch several members of the family.*

Problem 6. *Find an expression for a cubic function f if*

$$f(1) = 6 \quad \text{and} \quad f(-1) = f(0) = f(2) = 0.$$

REFERENCES

- [1] J. Stewart: *Single Variable Calculus* 8th Edition, Cengage Learning, Boston 2015.